

Vacation Rental Operations -- Local Ordinances

Number: INFORMAL

Date: October 22, 2013

Mr. Albert J. Hadeed
Flagler County Attorney
1769 East Moody Boulevard, Building 2
Bunnell, Florida 32110

Dear Mr. Hadeed:

Thank you for contacting this office for assistance in determining whether Flagler County may intercede and stop vacation rental operations, as defined in Chapter 509, Florida Statutes, in private homes that were zoned, prior to June 1, 2011, for single-family residential use. Due to an increase in the number of homes being used as vacation rentals in Flagler County, many permanent residents in neighborhoods with vacation rentals have raised concerns about the negative effects such rentals have on their quality of life and the character of their neighborhood. You state that Flagler County has no regulations governing vacation rentals which predate the 2011 legislation.

In sum, absent the existence of a local ordinance on or before June 1, 2011, regulating the rental of vacation homes in Flagler County, section 509.032(7), Florida Statutes, preempts local regulation of lodging establishments and public food establishments to the state and precludes a local ordinance or regulation enacted after June 1, 2011, restricting the use of vacation rentals, prohibiting vacation rentals, or regulating vacation rentals based solely on their classification, use, or occupancy.

A number of county residents have argued that transient vacation rentals are a commercial activity which is a non-conforming use of a house constructed under a permit for a single-family residence and located in an area zoned for single-family residences. The county has considered this argument and concluded that a residential zoning category, in and of itself, is not sufficient to serve as a pre-existing prohibition of vacation rentals in private homes.

Section 509.032(7)(a), Florida Statutes, preempts the regulation of lodging establishments and public food establishments to the state. Subsection (b) of the statute states:

"A local law, ordinance, or regulation may not restrict the use of vacation rentals, prohibit vacation rentals, or regulate vacation rentals based solely on their classification, use, or occupancy. This paragraph does not apply to any local law, ordinance, or regulation adopted on or before June 1, 2011." [1] (e.s.)

A "vacation rental" is defined as "any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative, or time-share plan or any individual or collectively owned single-family, two-family, three-family, or four-family house or dwelling unit that is also a transient public lodging establishment." [2] (e.s.) Thus, the plain language of the statute recognizes that a single-family house or dwelling may be

a "vacation rental" which is used as a transient public lodging establishment subject to regulation by the state. As this office has previously recognized, with the enactment of section 509.032(7)(b), Florida Statutes, the ability of a local government to regulate vacation rentals by enactment of an ordinance after June 1, 2011, has been preempted to the state.[3] While you have premised your question on the existence of a single-family zoning regulation in existence prior to June 1, 2011, you have also indicated that no county regulations of vacation rentals existed on that date.

This office agrees with the county's conclusion that a local zoning ordinance for single-family homes existing on or before June 1, 2011, that did not restrict the rental of such property as a vacation rental, cannot now be interpreted to do so. The clear language in section 509.032(7), Florida Statutes, prohibits any local regulation on or after June 1, 2011, based upon the use of a residence as a vacation rental.

Sincerely,

Lagran Saunders
Attorney General

ALS/tsrh

[1] Section 509.032(7)(c), Fla. Stat., provides:

"Paragraph (b) does not apply to any local law, ordinance, or regulation exclusively relating to property valuation as a criterion for vacation rental if the local law, ordinance, or regulation is required to be approved by the state land planning agency pursuant to an area of critical state concern designation."

[2] Section 509.242(1)(c), Fla. Stat. See s. 509.013(4), Fla. Stat., defining "[p]ublic lodging establishment" for purposes of Ch. 509, Fla. Stat.:

"(4)(a) 'Public lodging establishment' includes a transient public lodging establishment as defined in subparagraph 1. and a nontransient public lodging establishment as defined in subparagraph 2.

1. 'Transient public lodging establishment' means any unit, group of units, dwelling, building, or group of buildings within a single complex of buildings which is rented to guests more than three times in a calendar year for periods of less than 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, or which is advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented to guests."

[3] Informal Op. to Marino, dated August 3, 2012. Cf. *City of Venice v. Gwynn*, 76 So. 3d 401 (Fla. 2d DCA 2011), in which a city's code prohibited owners of single-family dwellings in residential neighborhoods from renting their property for short periods of times; the court affirmed the city's administrative determination that owner's non-conforming use of property as a vacation rental violated city's ordinance regarding short-term rentals.